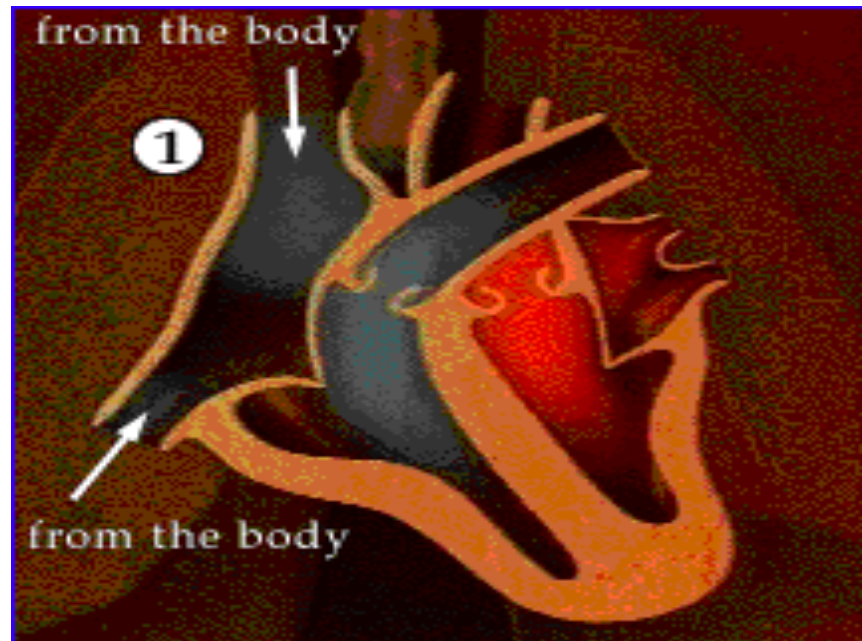
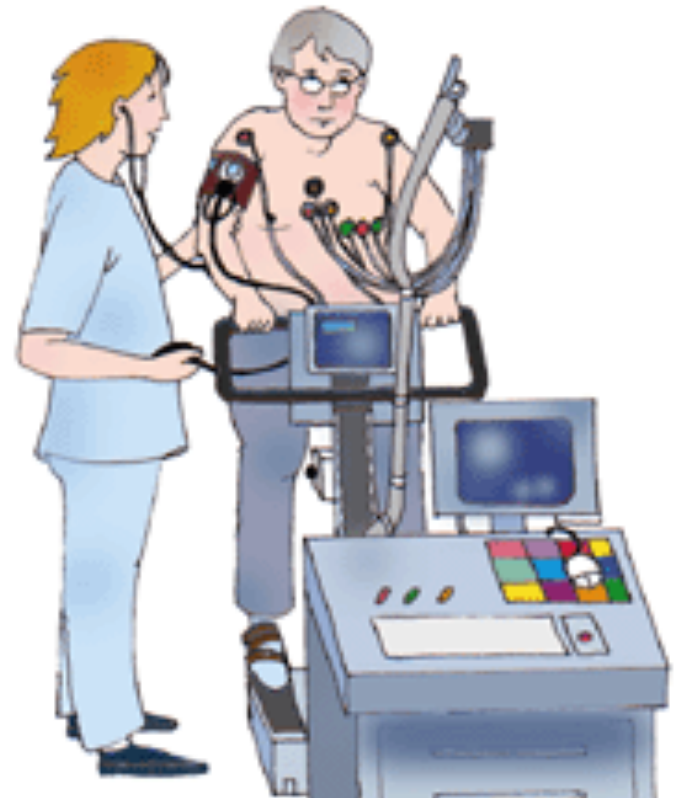


How do we determine our heart rate using the EKG sensor?



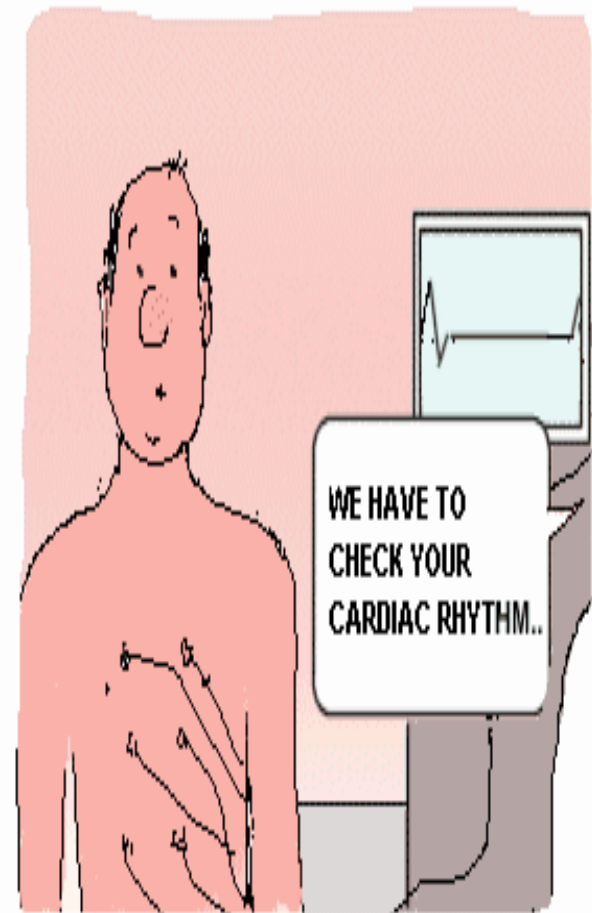
Instructional Objectives:

- ❑ Background Information on EKG
- ❑ Methods of Measuring Heart Rate
- ❑ Experimental Setup

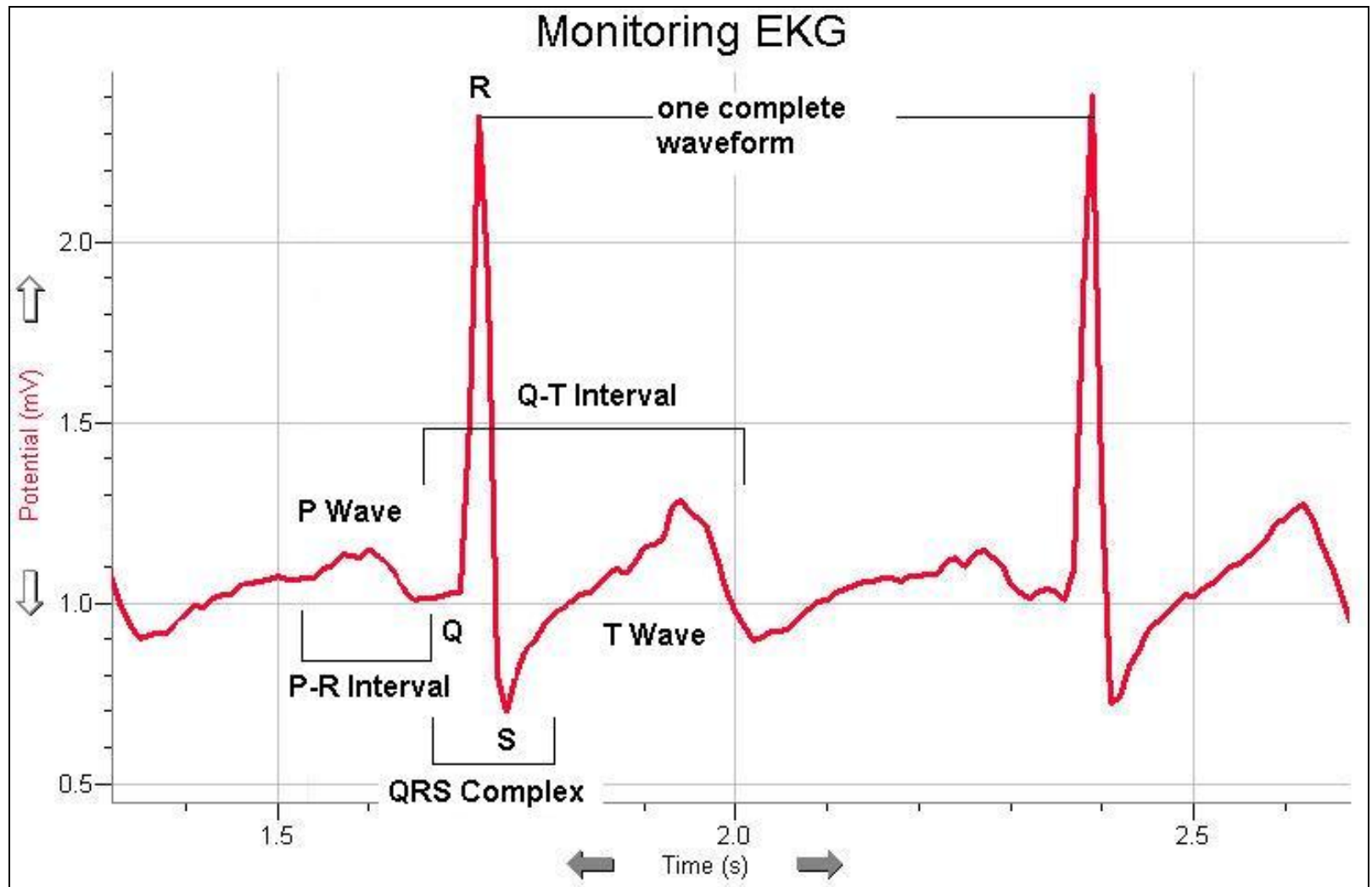


What is an EKG?

- ❑ Electrocardiogram (EKG) - An instrument used in the detection and diagnosis of heart abnormalities.
 - It measures electrical potentials on the body surface and generates a record of the electrical currents associated with heart muscle activity.
- ❑ By analyzing the EKG, damage to a specific region of the heart can be detected.



Experimental EKG Data



Calculating Your Heart Rate

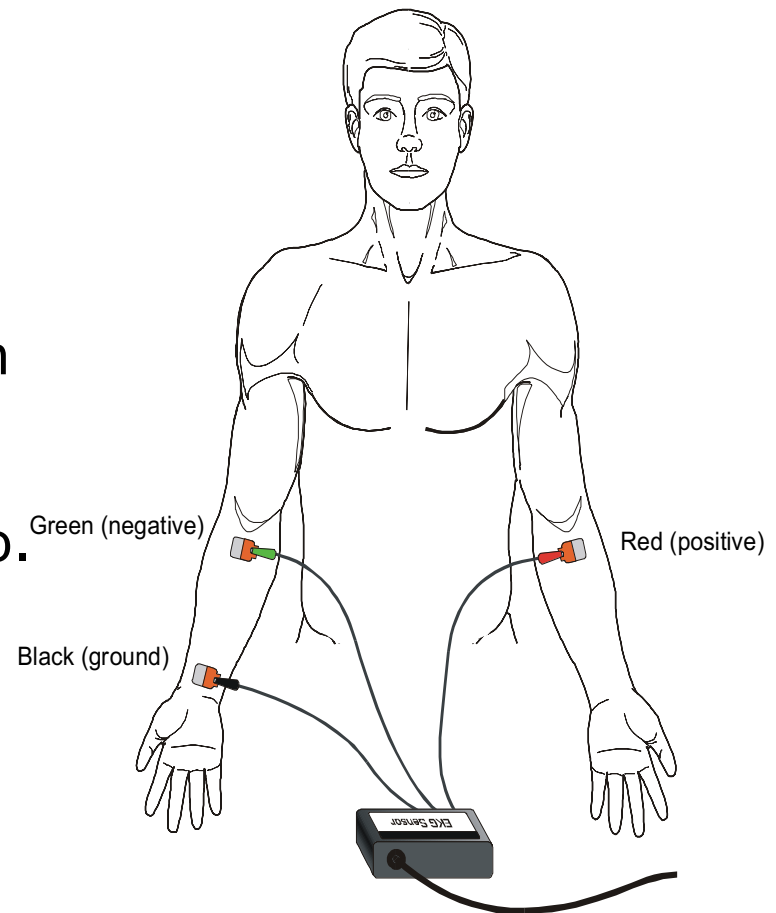
$$\frac{\text{\# beats}}{\text{minute}} = \frac{1 \text{ beat}}{n \text{ seconds}} \times \frac{60 \text{ seconds}}{1 \text{ minute}}$$

Measuring Heart Rate Without Instrumentation

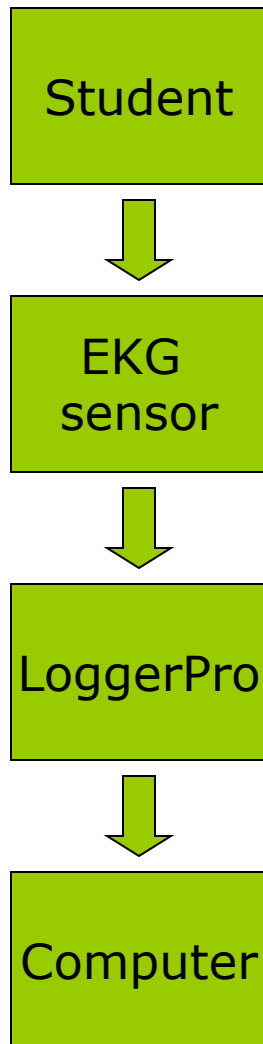
- ❑ Heart rate can be determined by measuring pulse rate.
- ❑ The pulse rate is the rate at which a series of pressure waves travel within an artery.
- ❑ Each time blood surges from the aorta, the elastic walls of blood vessels expand and stretch, causing a pulse.

Measuring Heart Rate With Instrumentation

- ❑ Use the EKG sensor to graph your heart's electrical activity.
 - Place three electrode patches on your arms as shown in the diagram.
 - Connect the alligator clips from the sensors to the tabs of the electrode patches.
 - Collect data with the LoggerPro.
- ❑ Calculate heart rate by determining the time interval between the R waves on the EKG graph.



Experimental Setup



Discussion Questions:

- *Average Heart Rate:*
 - 70-90 beats/min

- *Maximum Heart Rate:*
 - 220 beats/min – Individual's Age

- Comparison of experimental findings versus theoretical data
 - Causes for discrepancies

- Factors not taken into account during experiment:
 - Age
 - Weight
 - Health Condition
 - Gender

LAB TIME!!!