

# Static and Kinetic Friction

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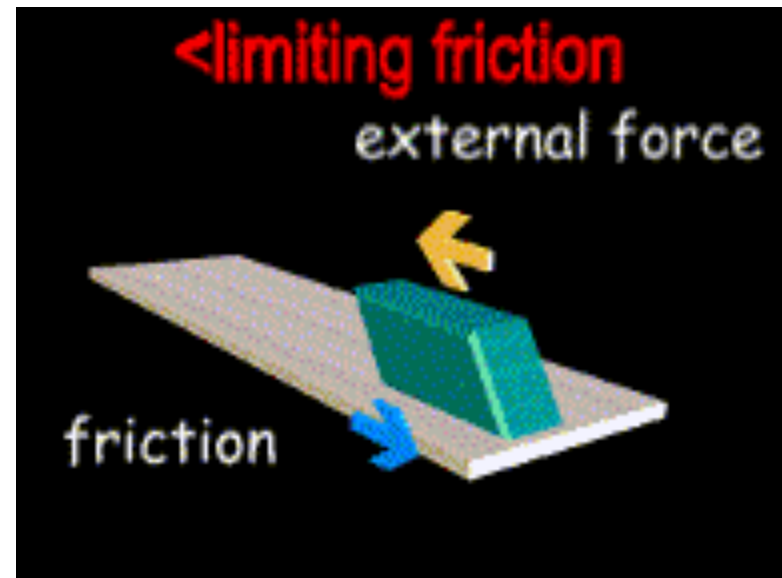
# Instructional Objectives

- Distinguish the Difference Between Static & Kinetic Friction
- Solve Problems Involving Friction Effects

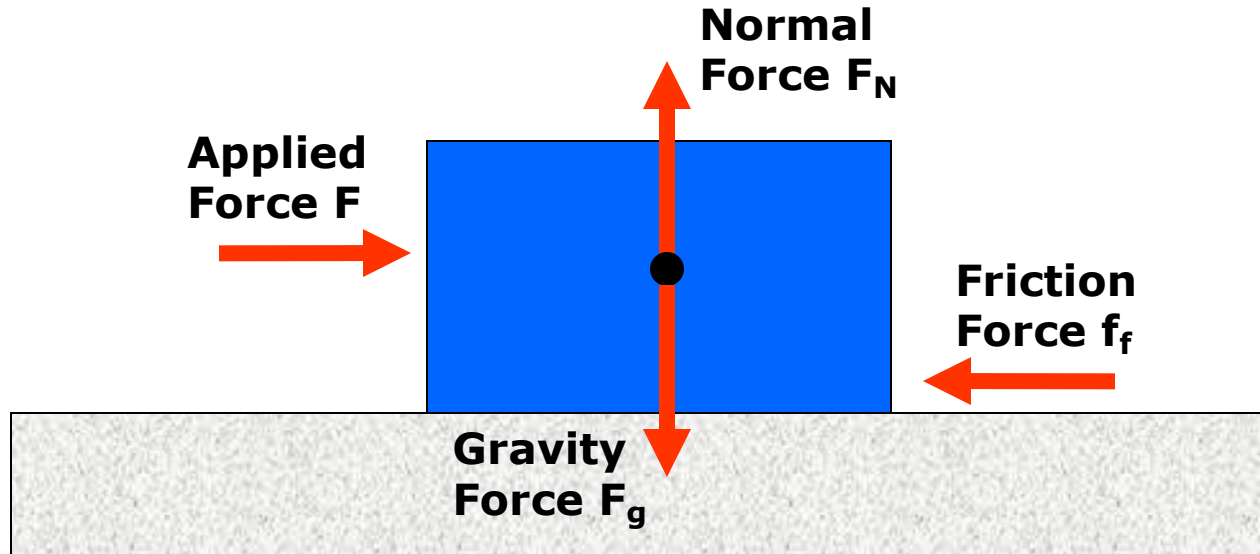


# What is Friction?

- Force that acts oppose the relative motion of two surfaces
- High for dry and rough surfaces
- Low for smooth and wet surfaces



# Free Body Diagram



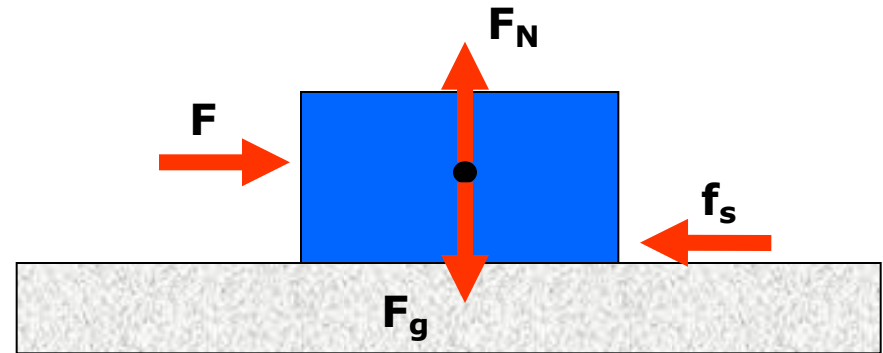
$$F_g = mg$$

$$F_N = F_g$$

$$f_f = F$$

# Static Friction

**The Force of Static Friction keeps a stationary object at rest!**

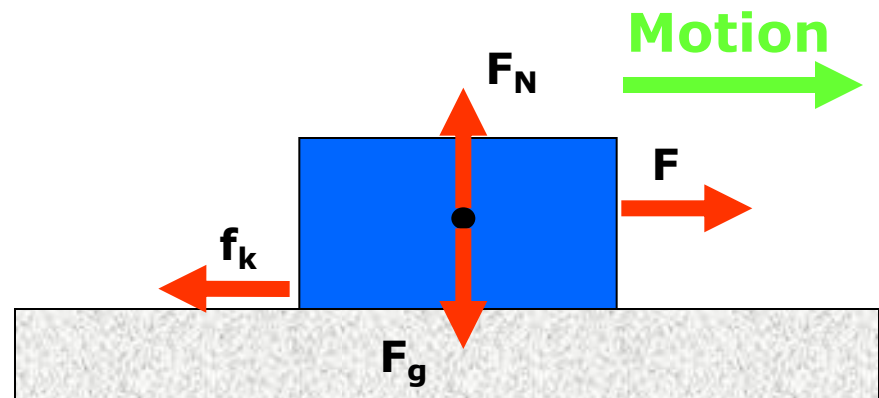


$$f_s = F_N \times \mu_s$$

$\mu_s$  = *coefficient of static friction*

# Kinetic Friction

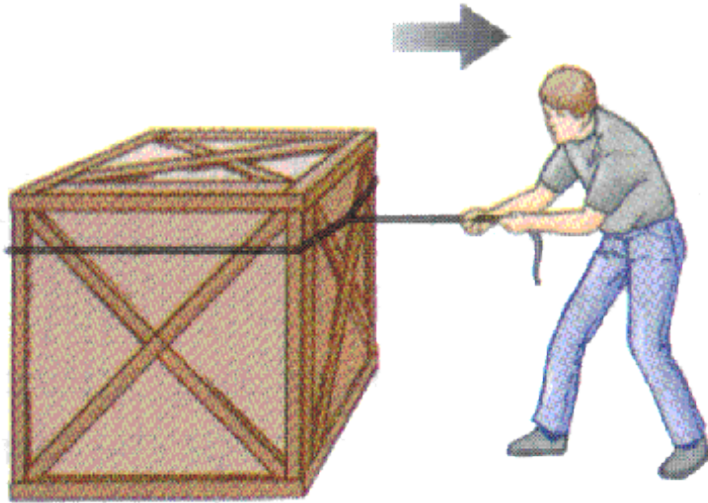
Once the Force of Static Friction is overcome, the Force of Kinetic Friction is what slows down a moving object!



$$f_k = F_N \times \mu_k$$

$\mu_k$  = coefficient of kinetic friction

# Types of Friction



To initiate motion of the box the man must overcome the Force of *Static Friction*

I better be safe Ump!!



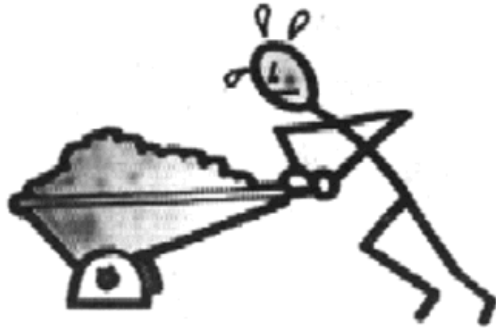
Upon sliding, the baseball player will come to a complete stop due to the Force of *Kinetic Friction*

# Static & Kinetic Friction Coefficients

Material	Coefficient of Static Friction $\mu_S$	Coefficient of Kinetic Friction $\mu_K$
Rubber on Glass	2.0+	2.0
Rubber on Concrete	1.0	0.8
Steel on Steel	0.74	0.57
Wood on Wood	0.25 – 0.5	0.2
Metal on Metal	0.15	0.06
Ice on Ice	0.1	0.03
<i>Synovial</i> Joints in Humans	0.01	0.003



# Static VS. Kinetic Friction

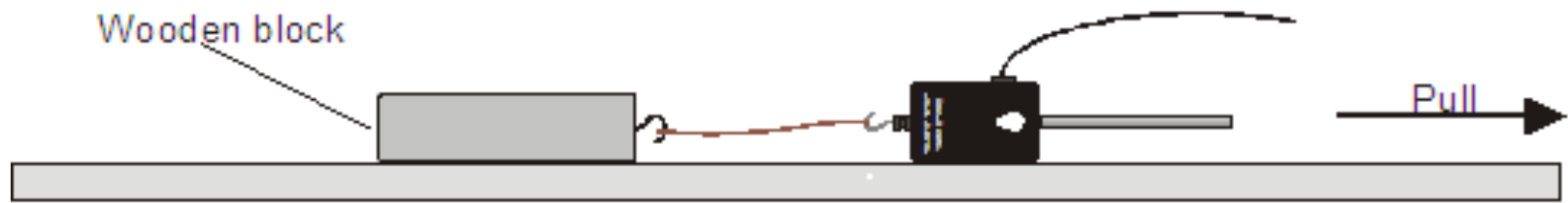


Only flat on the bottom! Ha Ha!

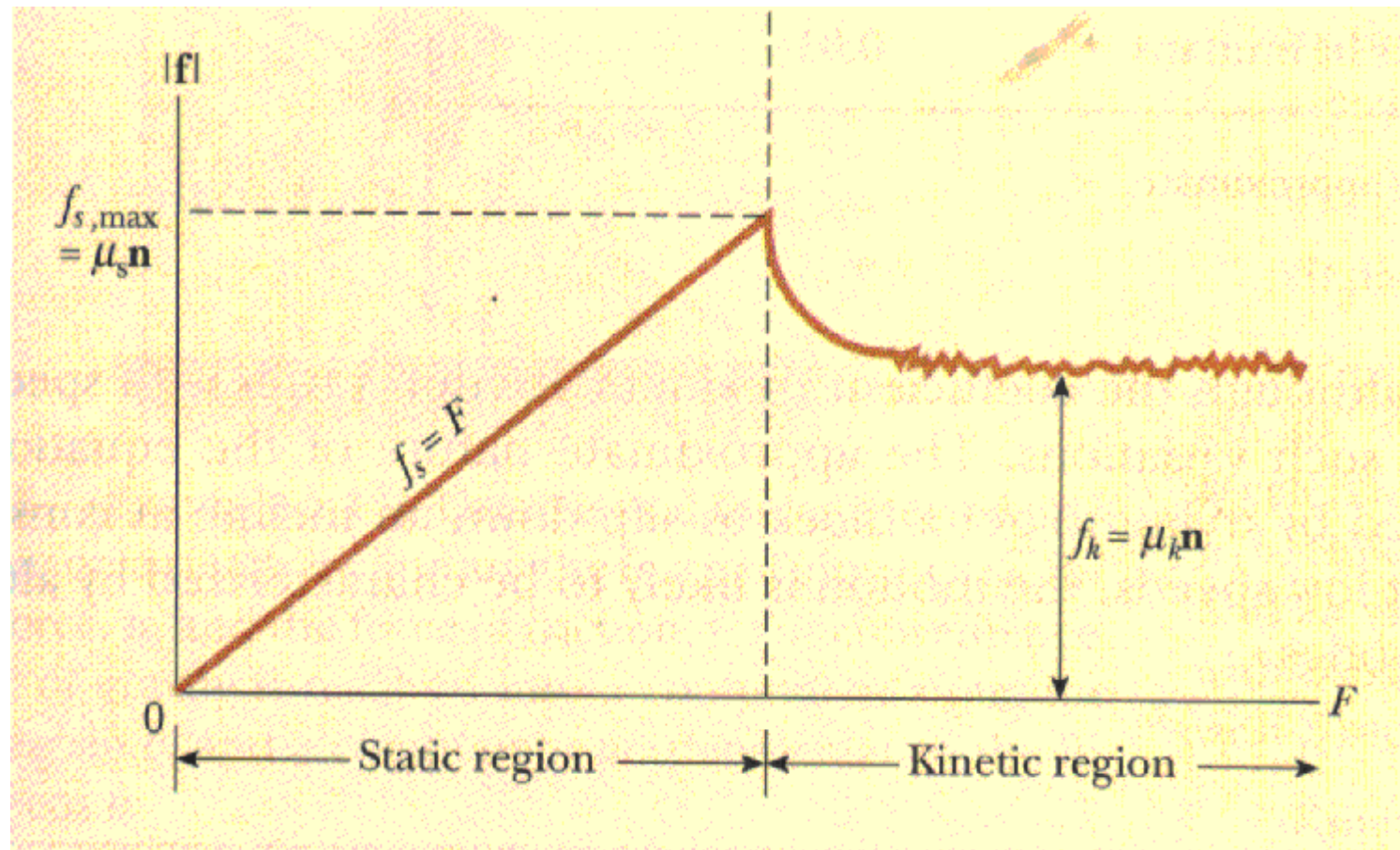


# Static Friction Lab Procedure

- Connect the force detector to a block of wood
- Pull gently on the force sensor unit the block begins to move
- Move the block slowly with constant force

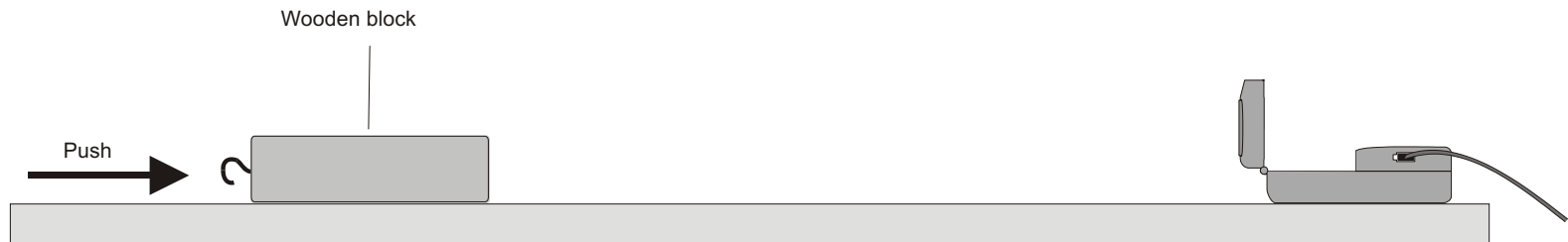


# Ideal Result



# Kinetic Friction Lab Procedure

- Line up the block with the motion detector
- Push the block gently toward the motion detector so that it comes to a stop approximately 1 foot away from it
- From the velocity curve determine the deceleration of the block
- Calculate the Force of Kinetic Friction
- Determine the coefficient of Kinetic Friction



# Application Analysis

- An empty cart is being rolled across a warehouse floor. If the cart was filled, the force of kinetic friction between the cart and the floor would

1. Decrease



2. Increase



3. Remain the same



# Application Analysis

- Sand is often placed on an icy road because the sand:
  1. Decreases the coefficient of friction between the tires of a car and the road
  2. Increases the coefficient of friction between the tires of a car and the road
  3. Decrease the gravitational force on a car
  4. Increases the normal force of a car on the road



# Questions?

