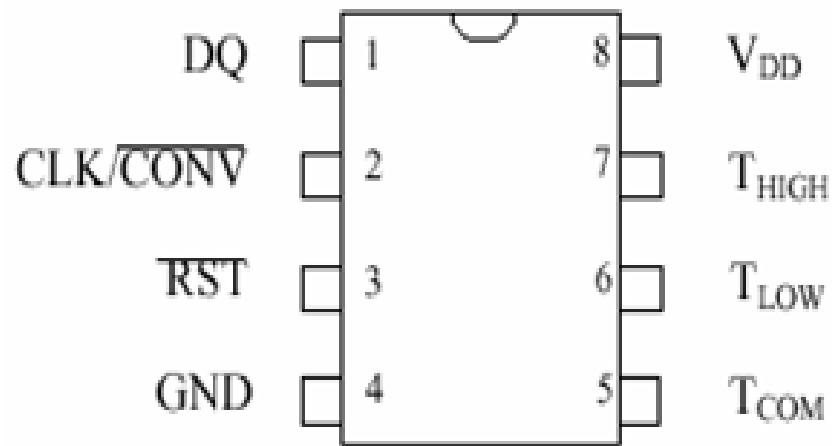


# Lecture 10

## Thermal Sensors

# DS1620

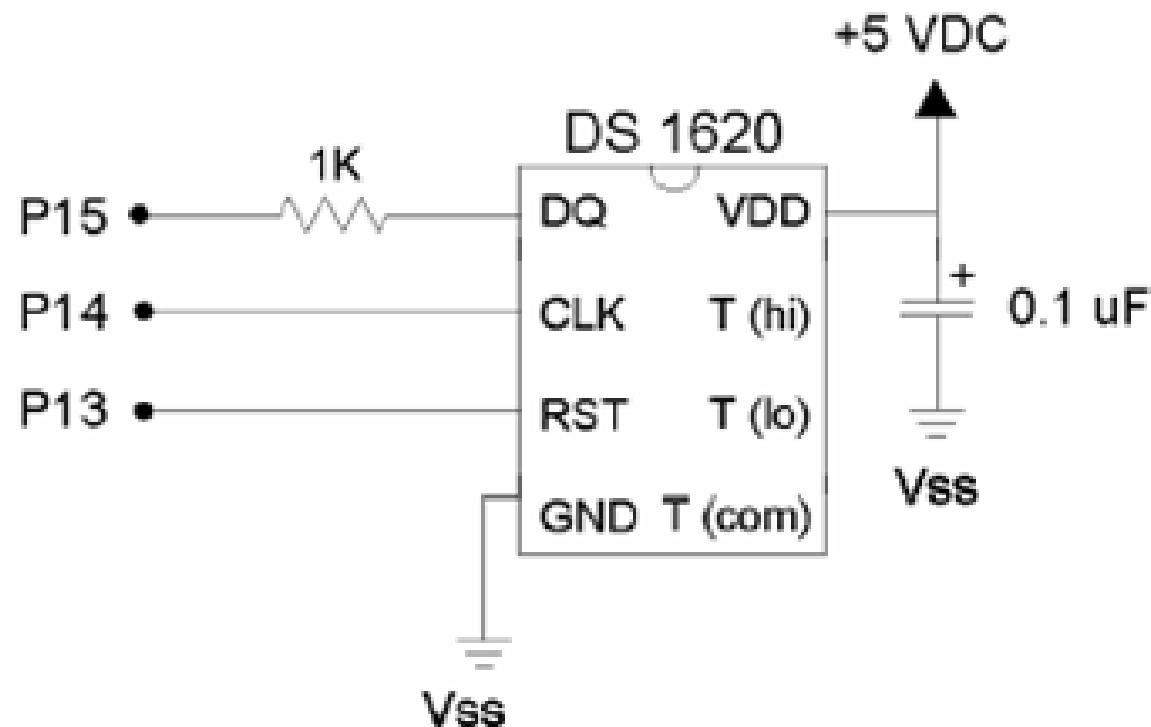


- Digital thermometer
  - Provides 9-bit temperature readings
  - Temperature range from -55°C to 125°C
  - Acts as a thermostat

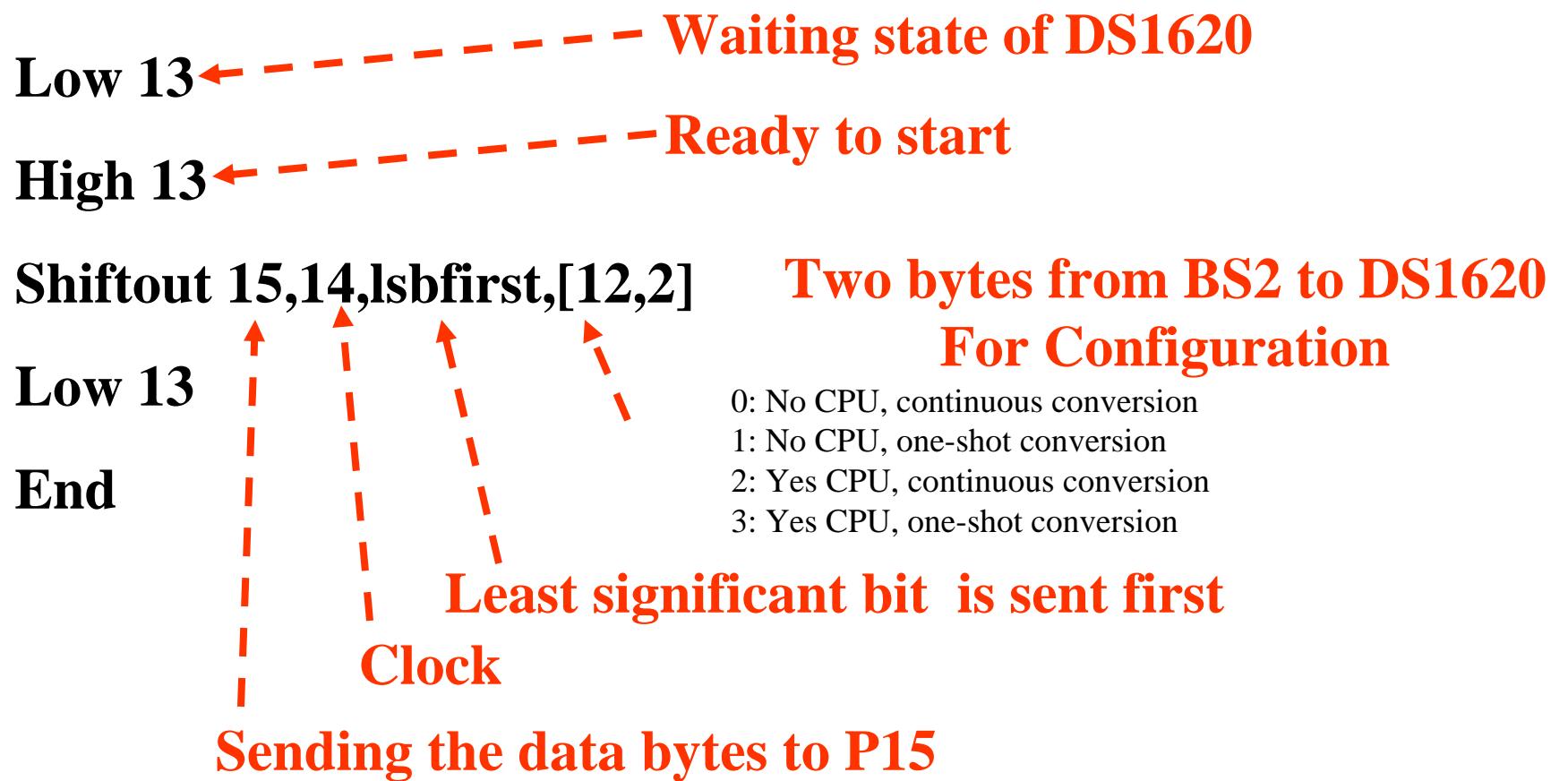
# Detail Description

PIN	SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
1	DQ	<b>Data Input/Output pin</b> for 3-wire communication port.
2	CLK/CONV	<b>Clock input pin</b> for 3-wire communication port. When the DS1620 is used in a stand-alone application with no 3-wire port, this pin can be used as a convert pin. Temperature conversion will begin on the falling edge of CONV.
3	RST	<b>Reset input pin</b> for 3-wire communication port.
4	GND	<b>Ground pin.</b>
5	T <sub>COM</sub>	<b>High/Low Combination Trigger.</b> Goes high when temperature exceeds TH; will reset to low when temperature falls below TL.
6	T <sub>LOW</sub>	<b>Low Temperature Trigger.</b> Goes high when temperature falls below TL.
7	T <sub>HIGH</sub>	<b>High Temperature Trigger.</b> Goes high when temperature exceeds TH.
8	V <sub>DD</sub>	<b>Supply Voltage.</b> 2.7V – 5.5V input power pin.

# DS1620 with BS2



# Programming for DS1620 1



# Programming for DS1620 2

high 13  Ready to start

Shiftout 15,14,lsbfirst,[238]  Start conversion

low 13

Temploop:

high 13

shiftout 15,14,lsbfirst,[170]  Send “get data” command

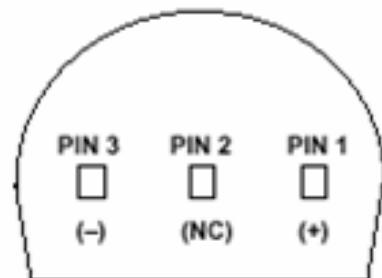
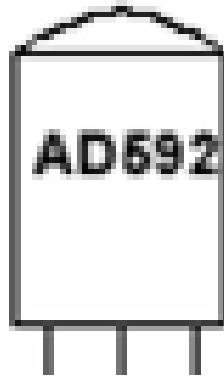
shiftin 15,14,lsbpre,[x]  Get the data

low 13

degC=x/2

Goto Temploop

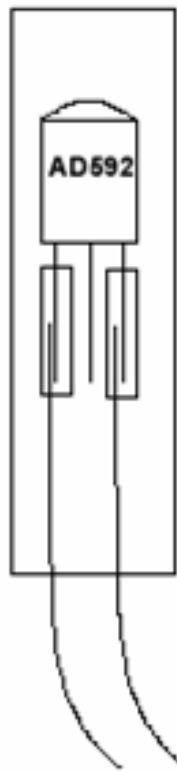
# AD592



\* PIN 2 CAN BE EITHER ATTACHED OR UNCONNECTED  
BOTTOM VIEW

- Analog temperature sensor
  - Provides an output current proportional to absolute temperature
  - Temperature range from -25°C to 105°C
  - Acts as a thermostat
  - Extended out away from the recording instruments

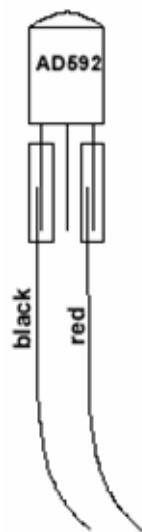
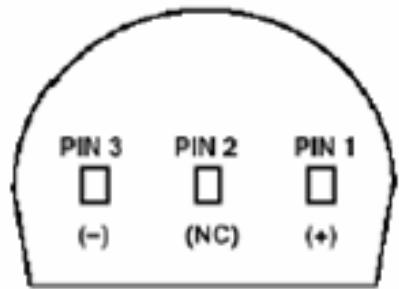
# Temperature Probe with AD592



- The part needs to be protected before being inserted into liquid

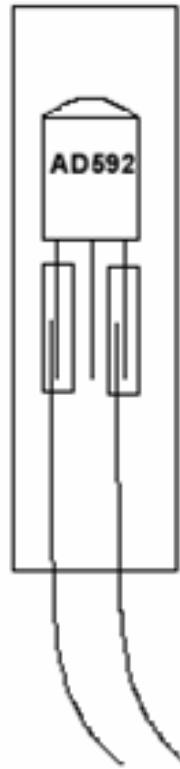


# How to Make Temperature Probe 1



1. Identify the AD 592's (-), NC, and (+) pins from this picture as viewed from the bottom
2. Slip the solder sleeve over the black wire and pin 3 (-)
3. Slip another solder sleeve over the red wire and pin 1 (+)
4. Heat up the connections until the wires are joined

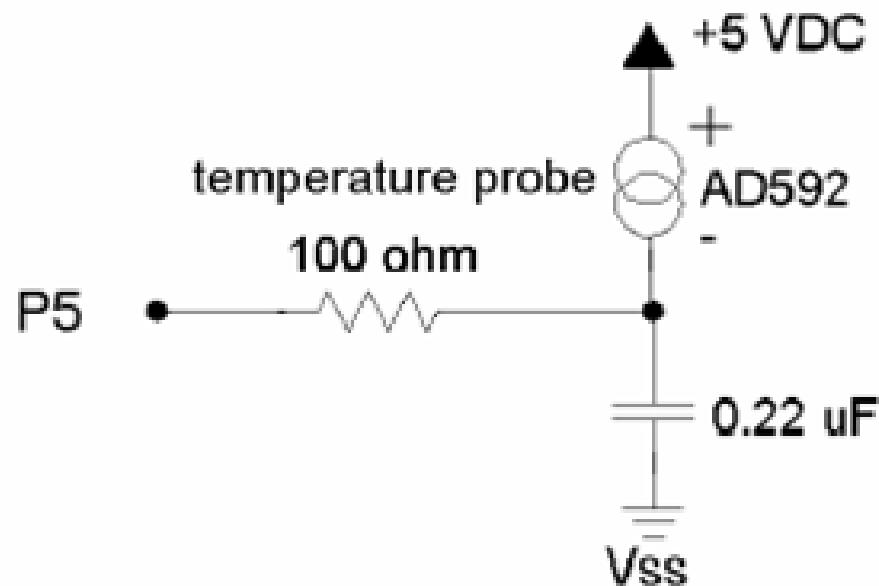
# How to Make Temperature Probe 2



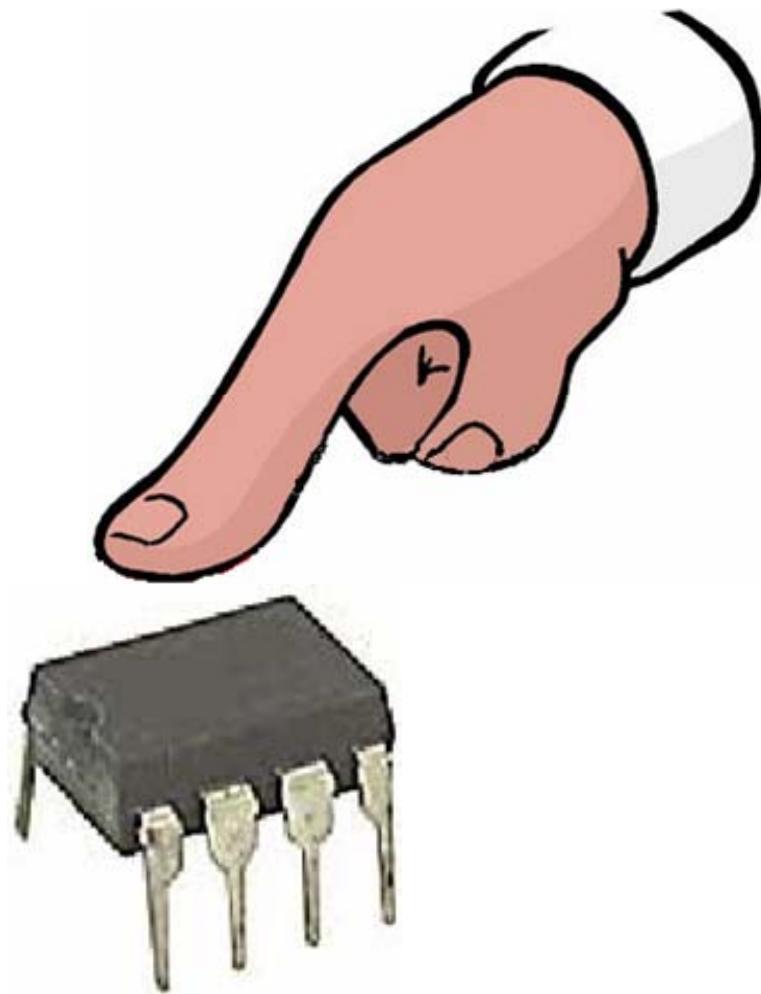
Clamp here

5. Slip the heat shrink tubing over the entire package
6. Fasten the package with a heat gun, and while it's still hot clamp the top portion to ensure that it stays shut

# AD592 with BS2



# Caution!!



- Be careful when you put your finger on it
- Specially for a big finger

# Temperaure Sensors Experiments

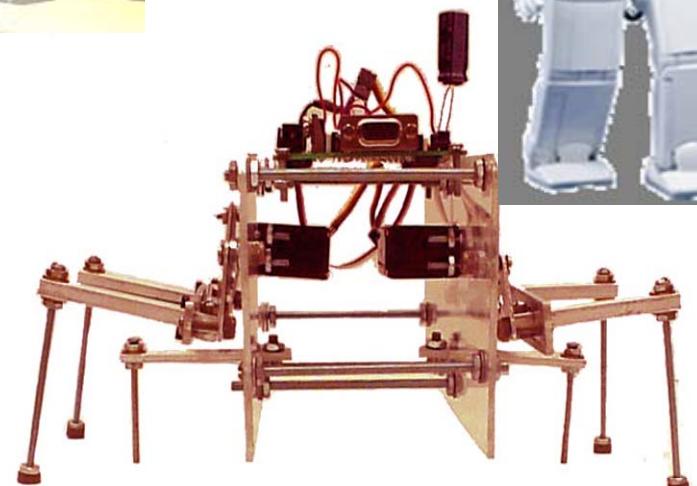
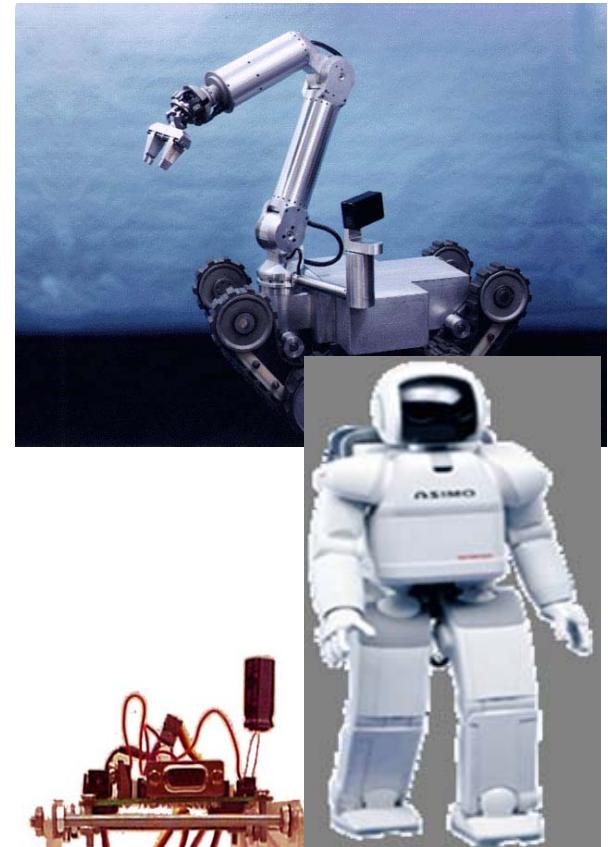
Experiments	Chapters
What's micro controller	
Basic A and D	
Earth measurements	1, 2, 3*, and 4
Robotics	
StampWorks	29
Others	

\*Use 2 wires for Simple Resistance Detector with proper resistor and capacitor

# Lecture 11

Robotics

# Robots

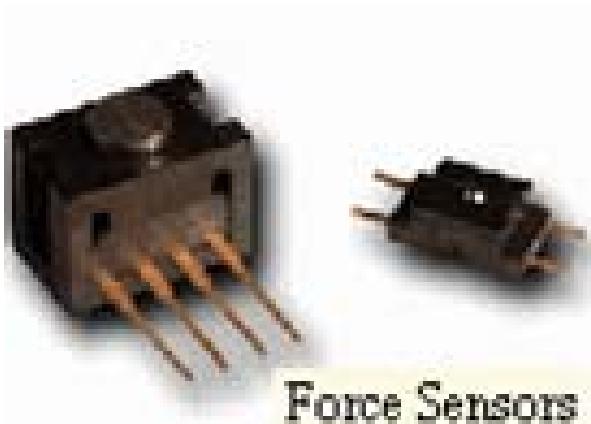


# Definition of Robot

- First introduced by Karel Capek in a 1920
- Definition of robot
  - Reprogrammable
  - Multifunctional manipulator
  - Designed to move material, parts, tools or specialized devices
  - Through variable programmed motions for the performance of a variety of tasks
  - Robot Institute of America, 1979



# Sensors



Force Sensors



Tilt Sensor



In-Sight vision sensors

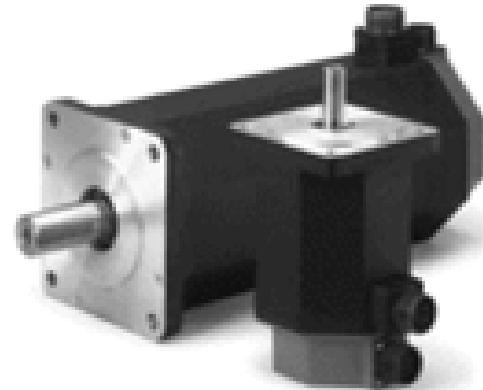
Devantech SRF04

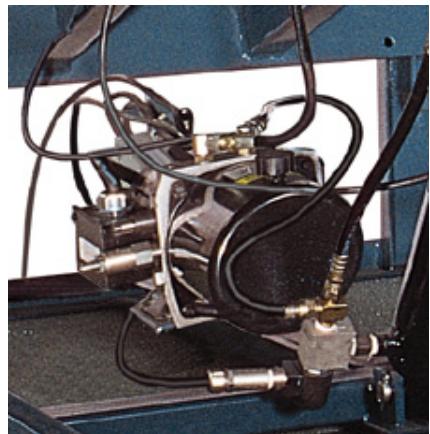


UltraSonic Ranger

# Actuators

- Actuators used in robotics is almost always combinations of different electro-mechanical devices
  - Stepper motor
  - AC servo motor
  - Brushless DC servo motor
  - Brushed DC servo motor

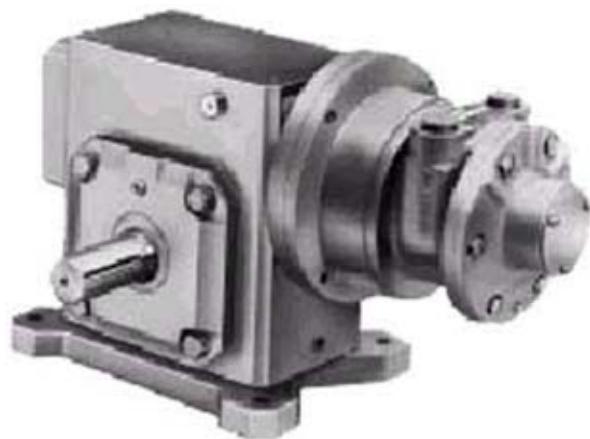




Hydraulic Motor



Stepper Motor

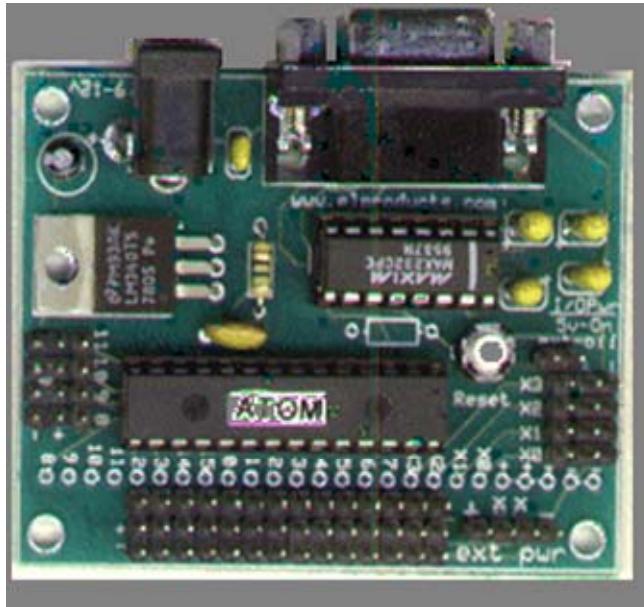


Pneumatic Motor

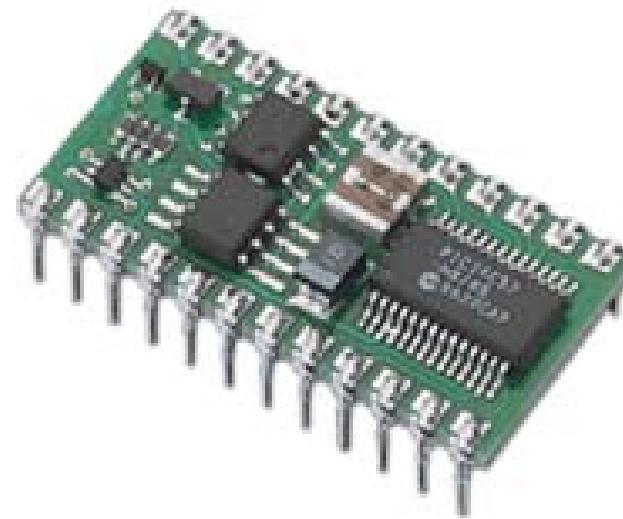


Servo Motor

# Controller



**RoboBoard Robotics  
Controller**



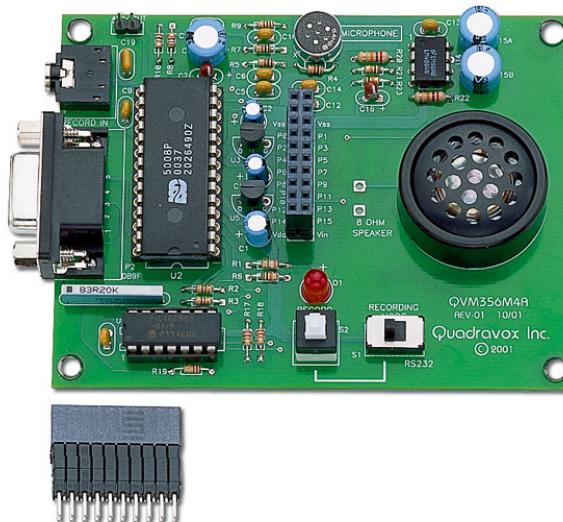
**BASIC Stamp 2 Module**

# The Interface Units

## Interfacing with the external world (sensors and actuators)



# Analog to Digital Converter



## Operational Amplifier

# What Can a Robot Do?

- Industrial Robots

1. Material Handling
2. Material Transfer
3. Machine Loading and/or Unloading
4. Spot Welding
5. Continuous Arc Welding
6. Spray Coating
7. Assembly
8. Inspection



Material Handling Manipulator



Spot Welding Manipulator



Assembly Manipulator

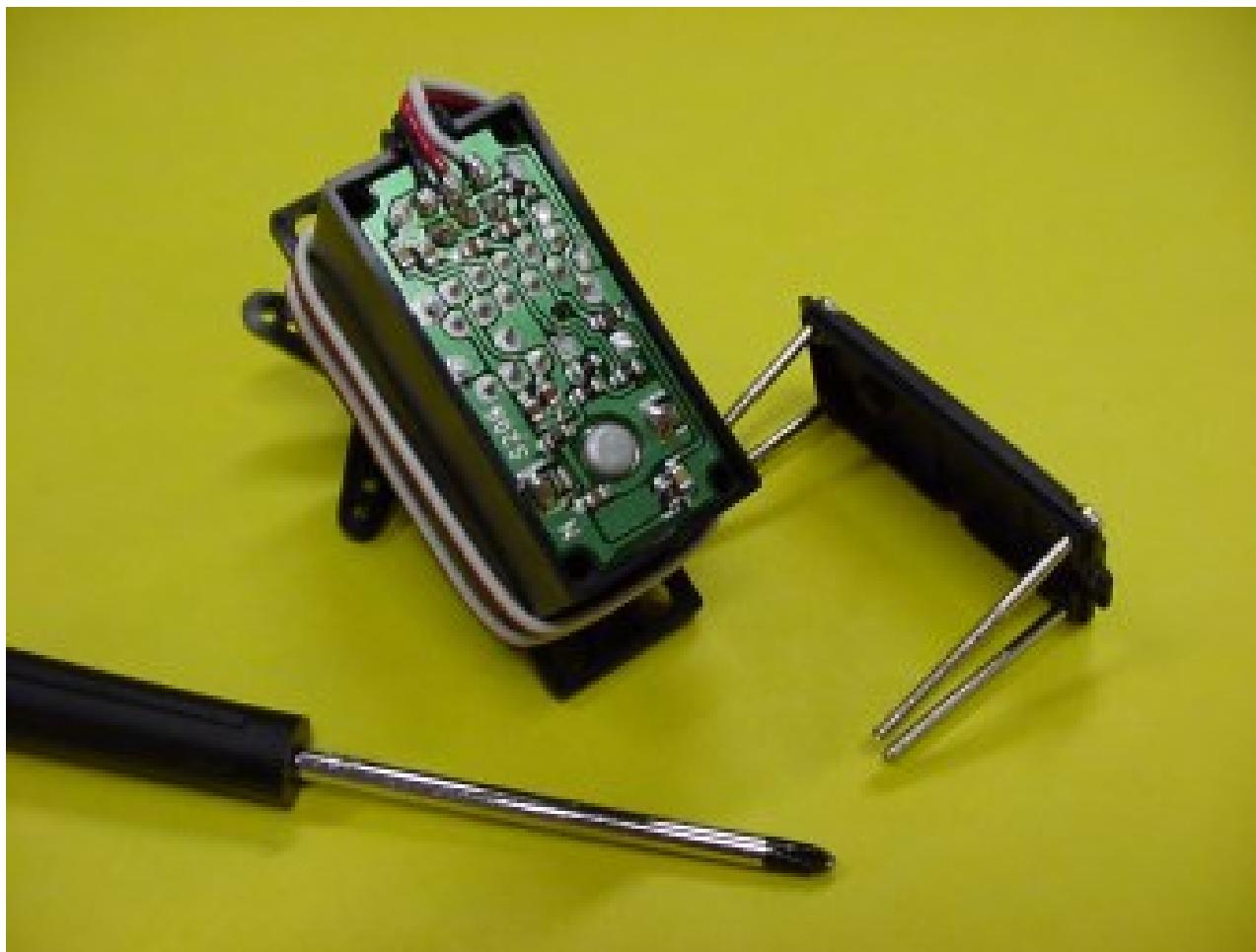
# How to Modify Servo Motor



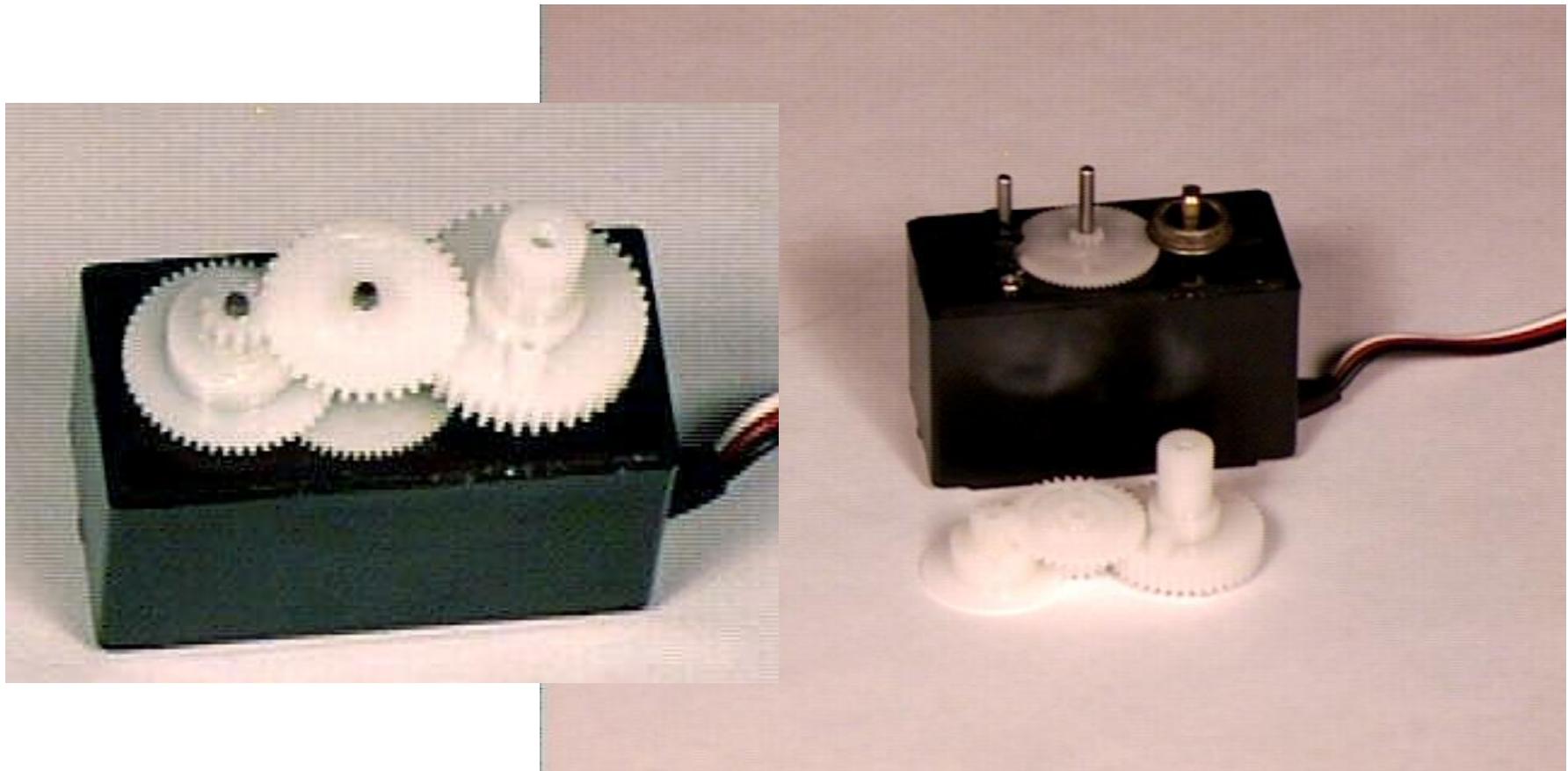
# Prepare All the Tools



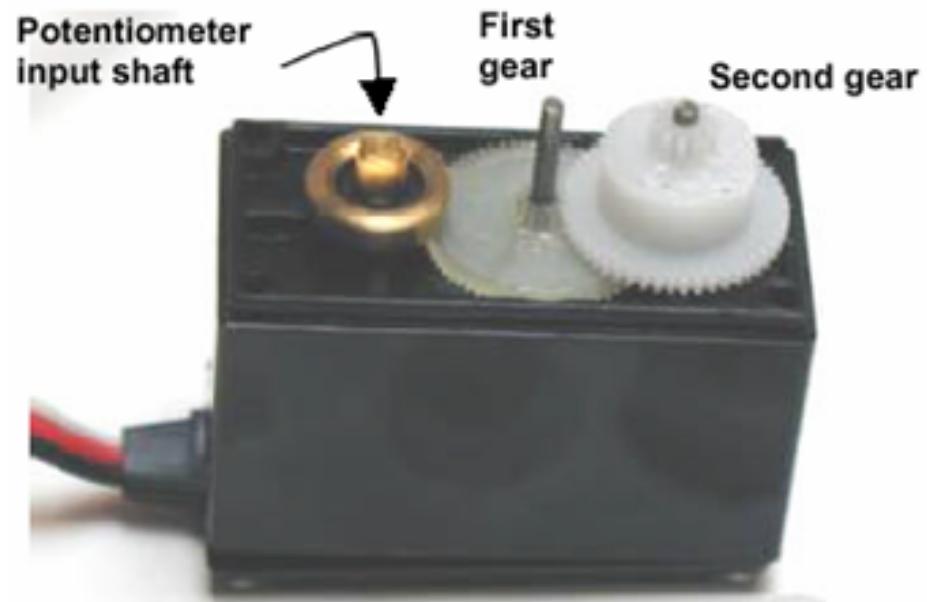
# Open Cover



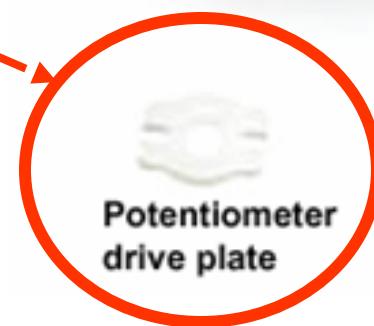
# Take All Gears Out



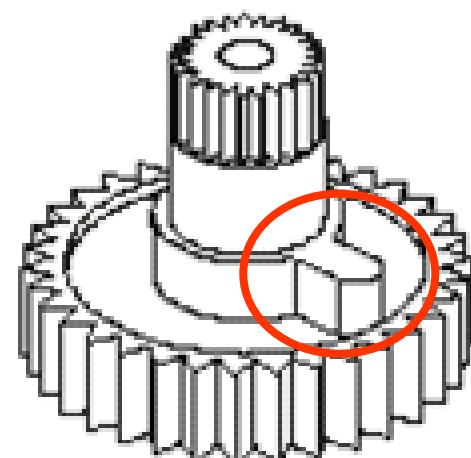
# Take Pot Drive Plate Out



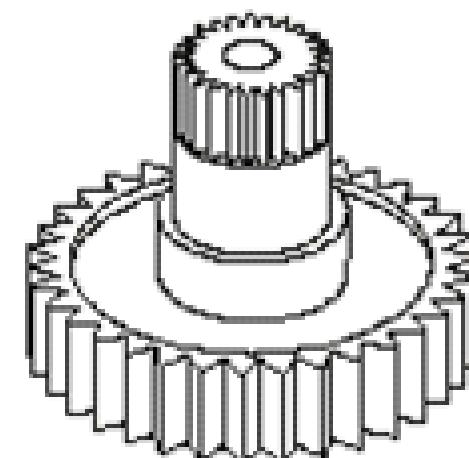
Don't forget  
to remove it



# Cut Tab off the Surface of the Gear

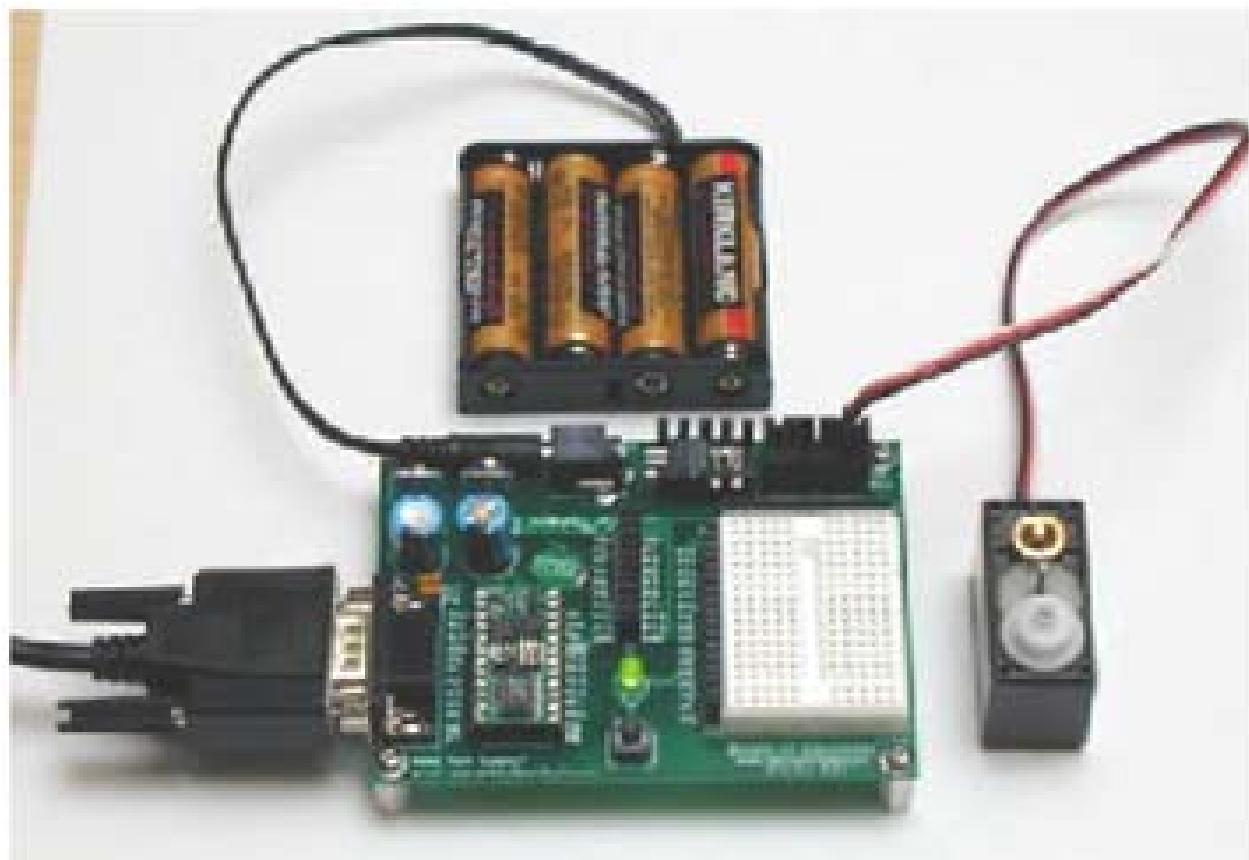


Before



After

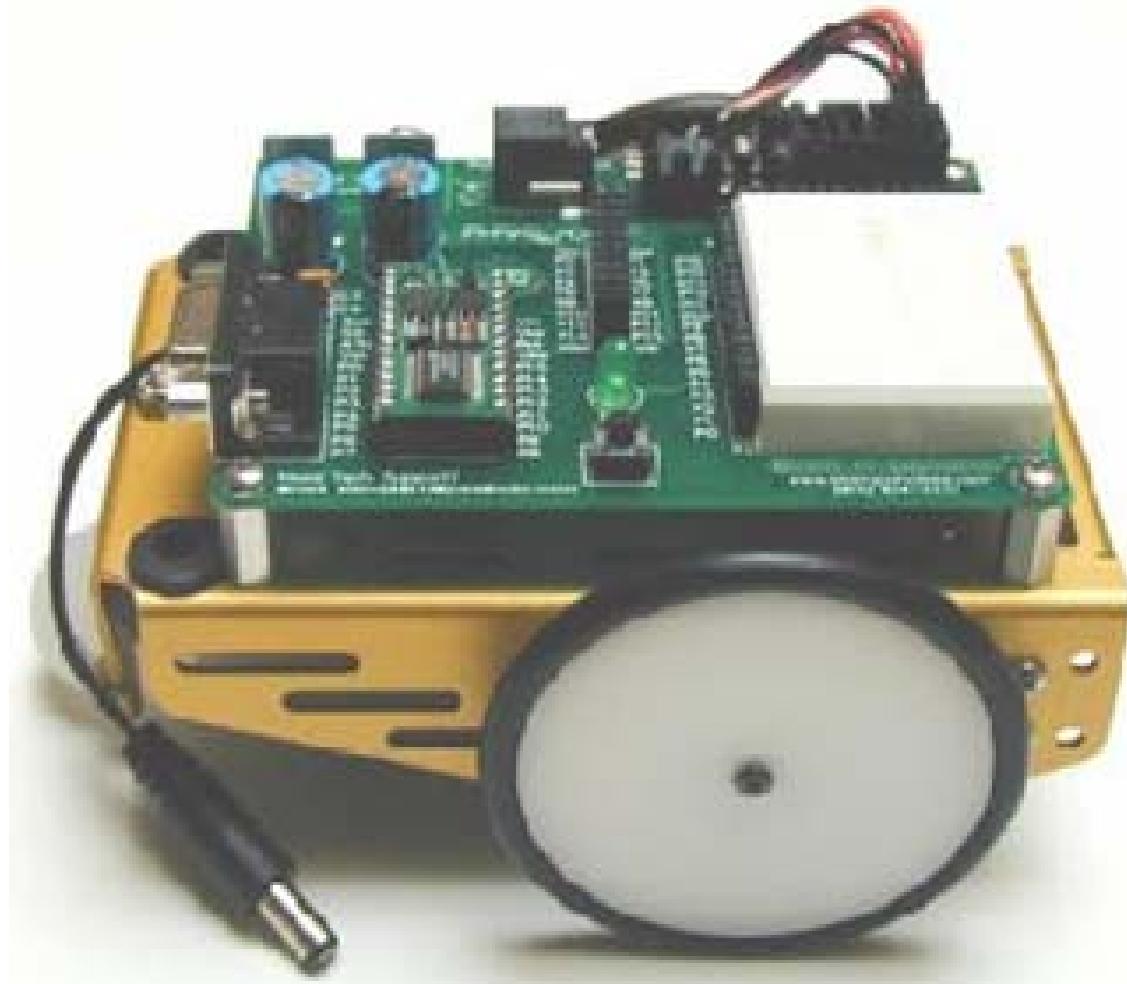
# Servo Calibration



**low 12**

**loop:**  
**pulsout 12, 750**  
**pause 20**  
**goto loop**

# Fully Assembled Boe-Bot



# Robot Experiments

Experiments	Chapters
What's micro controller	
Basic A and D	
Earth measurements	
Robotics	1, 2, 3, and 4
StampWorks	
Others	